

SUSTAINABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

(NRE 574, PUBPOL 519, ESENG 599)

Fall Term 2014

SYLLABUS

<i>Time</i>	Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30 – 4:00 pm
<i>Location</i>	1040 Dana Bldg.
<i>Instructor</i>	Gregory A. Keoleian Peter M. Wege Endowed Professor of Sustainable Systems Professor, Sustainable Systems, School of Natural Resources and Environment Professor, Civil and Environmental Engineering Director, Center for Sustainable Systems
<i>Office</i>	3504 Dana Bldg.
<i>Phone</i>	764-3194
<i>E-mail</i>	gregak@umich.edu
<i>Office Hrs</i>	On-Campus students: Tuesday and Thursday, 4:00 – 5:00 pm Off-Campus students: Tuesday, 7:00 – 8:00 pm and Thursday, 7:00 – 8:00pm
<i>Graduate Student Instructors</i>	Trevor McManamon tmcman@umich.edu (and GSI for off campus students) Optional Recitation: Tuesday 6pm-7pm in 3038 Dana Bldg. Office Hours for Off-Campus students (ESENG 599): Wednesday, 9:00 – 10:00 pm; Thursday 4:30 – 5:30 pm Therese Miranda-Blackney tmiranda@umich.edu Optional Recitation: Monday 6:00 – 7:00 pm 3038 Dana Bldg. Office Hours: Monday and Wednesday 4:30-6:00 pm 3552 Dana. Brett Simon , bssimon@umich.edu Office Hours: Tuesday and Thursday 8:30AM-10:00AM in the 4th Floor Dana Commons

DESCRIPTION

This course examines the production and consumption of energy from a systems perspective. Sustainability is examined by studying global and regional environmental impacts, economics, energy efficiency, consumption patterns and energy policy. First, the physics of energy and energy accounting methods are introduced. Next, the current energy system that encompasses resource extraction, conversion processes and end-uses are covered. Responses to current challenges such as declining fossil fuels and climate change are explored with an emphasis on emerging renewable energy technologies (e.g., biomass, wind, and photovoltaics), building technologies, alternative vehicle technologies, and end-use efficiency and conservation.

This is an interdisciplinary course that integrates the following analytical tools for advancing energy sustainability:

- Technology Assessment
- Economic and Policy Analysis
- Energy Analysis and Environmental Sustainability Assessment

Students from SNRE, Engineering, Public Policy, Business, and other fields provide important perspectives useful for transforming energy systems to enhance sustainability.

FORMAT

Learning in this course is facilitated through lecture, readings, discussion, in class exercises, assignments, and term projects. Analytical skills are developed and demonstrated through problem sets, a term project and the mid-term and final exams. Required readings on ctools reinforce topics and concepts covered in lecture; reference materials on ctools (optional reading) include supplemental articles, reports, data and web sites. For On-Campus students, class participation is a key element of the course and critical analysis and discussion of course topics is expected in class and through the blog. Off-Campus students are expected to participate by contributing to the blog.

COURSE RESOURCES

1. **Course readings and other reference are available on CTools:** <http://ctools.umich.edu/>
2. **Reference textbooks available through UM library**
 - a. *Energy for sustainability: technology, planning and policy* Island Press 2008.
 - b. *Sustainable energy: choosing among options* MIT Press 2005.
 - c. *World energy assessment: energy and the challenge of sustainability /* New York, NY: United Nations Development Programme, c2000.
 - d. *Energy systems and sustainability /* Oxford: Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 2003.
 - e. *Renewable energy: power for a sustainable future /* Oxford: Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 1996.
 - f. *Renewable Energy* Edited by T. Johansson et al. Island Press, 1993
 - g. *Renewable and Efficient Electric Power Systems* Wiley 2004.
 - h. *Energy Principles, Problems, Alternatives,* Joseph Priest Addison Wesley 4th Edition, 1991.
 - i. *Energy and Problems of a Technical Society,* J. J. Kraushaar, and R.A. Ristinen, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 1993.
 - j. *Learning about energy* David J. Rose New York: Plenum Press, 1986.
 - k. *CRC handbook of energy efficiency /* edited by Frank Kreith, Ronald E. West. Boca Raton, Fla. : CRC Press, 1997. ***Shelved in: MEDIA UNION Reference - 2nd Floor (Non-Circulating)
 - l. Vanek, F.M., and L.D. Albright. 2008. *Energy Systems Engineering: Evaluation and Implementation.* New York: McGraw Hill. Available online through [Mirlyn](#)
 - m. *Hidden Costs of Energy: Unpriced Consequences of Energy Production and Use.* National Academy of Sciences 2010. [overall conclusions and recommendations](#); [full book](#)
 - n. Smil, V. 2010. *Energy Transitions: History, Requirements, Prospects.* Praeger, Santa Barbara, CA, ix + 178 pp. [chapter 1](#)
 - o. Smil, V. 2008. *Energy in Nature and Society: General Energetics of Complex Systems.* The MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, xi + 480 pp. [most of book](#)
 - p. Smil, V. 2010. *Energy Myths and Realities: Bringing Science to the Energy Policy Debate.* American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC, xiv + 213 pp. [chapters 1 and 2](#)
3. **Key energy websites:**
 - a. US Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/>
 - b. International Energy Agency: <http://iea.org/>
 - c. US DOE Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE): <http://www.eere.energy.gov/>
 - d. Renewable Energy World News and Network: <http://www.renewableenergyworld.com/>
 - e. OpenEnergyInfo Gateway to world energy information/ data http://en.openei.org/wiki/Main_Page

COURSE OUTLINE

Part A. Introduction and Energy Fundamentals

1. Sustainability challenges and opportunities (Sept 2)
2. Physics of energy (Sept 4)

Part B. Energy and Carbon Accounting

3. Energy accounting I: EIA convention (Sept 9)
4. Energy accounting II. LCA convention (Sept 11)
5. Energy growth analysis and carbon accounting (Sept 16)

Part C. Energy Supply

6. Fossil energy resources (Sept 18)
7. Electricity from fossil resources (Sept 23)
8. Electricity from nuclear fuels and other generating systems (Sept 25)
9. Electricity: Power Plant Economics and Regulation (Sept 30)

Part D. Energy Demand

10. Industrial and Commercial Sectors (Oct 2)
11. Residential Sector (Oct 7)
12. Transportation Sector (Oct 9)

MIDTERM (Oct 16)

Part E. Renewable Energy Technologies and Policy

13. Introduction renewable energy technologies and policy (Oct 21)
14. Wind energy (Oct 23)
15. Hydropower (Oct 28)
16. Solar energy (Oct 30)
17. Biomass: electricity (Nov 4)
18. Biomass: transport fuels (Nov 6)

Part F. Other Emerging Sustainable Energy Technologies and Policy

19. Which option? EVs, HEVs, PHEVs, FCVs Electric Vehicles (EV), Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV), Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV) or Fuel Cell Vehicles (FCV) (Nov 11)
20. Building technologies and policy (Nov 13)
21. Storage technologies: electricity storage and carbon storage (sequestration) (Nov 18)

PART G. Course Synthesis

22. Climate science: global energy balance (Nov 20)
23. Climate mitigation and policy (Nov 25)
24. Term project posters (Dec 2 and 4)
25. Course review (Dec 9)

FINAL EXAM (Dec 12)

PART A. INTRODUCTION AND ENERGY FUNDAMENTALS

- Sept. 2 **1. Sustainable Energy Systems: Issues for the 21st century**
What are the critical challenges for a sustainable energy future?
Sustainable energy systems: definitions, indicators.
Key energy stakeholders
Course objectives

Reading

Global Energy Assessment Toward a Sustainable Future Key Findings Summary for Policymakers Cambridge University Press xii – xviii (browse the rest).

<http://www.iiasa.ac.at/Research/ENE/GEA/doc/GEA-Summary-web.pdf>

Reference

Goldemberg, J. "The promise of clean energy" *Energy Policy* (2006) 34: 2185–2190.

Energy for the Poor: Underpinning the Millennium Development Goals Department for International Development, United Kingdom, August 2002.

"Energy and Air Pollution" in *GEO (Global Environment Outlook) Yearbook*, UNEP (2006).

The Link Between Energy and Human Activity. Paris: International Energy Agency, 1997.

Hidden Costs of Energy: Unpriced Consequences of Energy Production and Use. National Academy of Sciences 2010. [overall conclusions and recommendations](#); [full book](#)

- Sept. 4 **2. Physics of Energy: Laws of Thermodynamics**

Energy Forms and Conversion

First and Second Laws and Efficiencies

Devices: Heat Engines, Refrigerators and Heat Pumps

Instantaneous and Average Power

Reading

Chapter 2: The Physics of Energy, Ross, M.

References

Principles of Heat Engines (p. 197- 200) and Refrigeration (p. 362-363) in *Energy systems and sustainability* G. Boyle, B. Everett and J. Ramage Eds. Oxford University Press, 2003

Thermodynamics resource (some useful material but much is more advanced than this course): <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/heacon.html#heacon>

PART B. ENERGY ANALYSIS AND CARBON ACCOUNTING

- Sept. 9 **3. Energy Accounting I: EIA Conventions**
Energy Carriers: Liquid, Gaseous and Solid Fuels, Electricity
Primary Energy
Heat Rates and Power Plant Efficiency
Site Energy
Measurement issues

Reading

Chapter 4: Energy Carriers and Energy Accounting, Ross, M.

References

EIA main glossary: <http://www.eia.gov/tools/glossary/index.cfm> and EIA energy

efficiency glossary: http://www.eia.gov/emeu/efficiency/ee_gloss.htm

- Sept. 11 **4. Energy Accounting II: LCA Conventions**

Resource Energy (Total Fuel Cycle Accounting)

Total Fuel Cycle (Upstream and Combustion) Energy

Feedstock (Embodied in Materials) and Process Energy

Life Cycle Energy Analysis

Reading

Chapter 4: Energy Carriers and Energy Accounting, Ross, M.

References

Keoleian, G. et al. "Application of LCI to Fuel Tank System Design" *Intl JLCA* 1998.
GREET (Argonne National Lab): <http://greet.es.anl.gov/>

Sept. 16

5. Energy Growth Analysis and Carbon Accounting

International and US Statistics
Energy and Carbon Intensity
 Carbon Emission Factor
 Role for Conservation and Energy Efficiency
Growth Rates
 Growth Rate Formalism
 Forecasts and Future Scenarios

Readings

Chapter 5: The US Energy Use & Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Ross, M.
Excel growth chart tutorial
Annual Energy Outlook With Projections to 2035 - Executive Summary
International Energy Outlook - Highlights

References

EIA Annual Energy Review (superseded -- see MER for key annual tables),
<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/contents.html>
EIA Monthly Energy Review (MER) <http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/>
EIA State Energy Profiles, <http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/state/>
Key World Energy Statistics - International Energy Agency
Worldwide Trends in Energy Use and Efficiency - International Energy Agency, 2008
U.S. Energy System Center for Sustainable Systems Factsheet
http://www.css.snre.umich.edu/css_doc/CSS03-11.pdf
GHG Emission Factors: http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/emission_factors.html
The Outlook for Energy A View to 2040 – Exxon Mobil

PART C. ENERGY SUPPLY

Sept. 18

6. Fossil Energy Resources

Distribution and Classification of Fossil Resources: Oil, Natural Gas, Coal
Unconventional: Oil Sands/Oil Shale/Shale Gas/Coal Bed Methane
 Oil Sands and GHG emissions
 Shale Gas and Hydraulic Fracturing (fracking)
Projections of Future Supply, What is Peak Oil
Drilling Offshore in the US?

Readings

Chapter 7: Energy Resources in *Energy Resources in Mineral Resources, Economics and the Environment*, Kesler, S.
Oil sands basics <http://ostseis.anl.gov/guide/tarsands/index.cfm> (browse)
Oil shale basics -- <http://ostseis.anl.gov/guide/oilshale/> (browse)
Shale gas basics : http://www.eia.gov/energy_in_brief/about_shale_gas.cfm
"The End of Cheap Oil" C. Campbell/J.H. Laherrère, *Scientific American*, March 1998
USGS World Petroleum Assessment 2000 Executive Summary
Two perspectives on Fracking:
<http://www2.epa.gov/hydraulicfracturing> (browse)

<http://www.marcellusprotest.org/> (browse)

References

- BP Statistical Review of World Energy
<http://www.bp.com/statisticalreview>
- EIA Projection of Long Term Supply
http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/oil_gas/petroleum/presentations/2000/long_term_supply/
- Chapter 5: Fossil Fuel Resources in *Energy Systems Engineering* Vanek and Albright (mirlyn on-line)
- Chapter 3: Fossil Energy Resources, Ross, M.
Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge: Updated Assessment (EIA) May 2000, p vii – viii.
- NETL Oil and Gas Supply: <http://www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/oil-gas/index.html>
- A.D. Charpentier *et al* Understanding the Canadian oil sands industry's greenhouse gas emissions *Environ. Res. Lett.* (2009) 4 014005 (11pp).
- EOS. 2010. The Marcellus shale: resources and reservations. *Eos (Trans. Am. Geophysical U.)* 91(32): 278-79.
- Peaking of World Oil Production: Impacts, Mitigation, & Risk Management, Hirsch Report, February 2005
- Potential Impacts of Proposed Oil and Gas Development on the Arctic Refuge's Coastal Plain: Historical Overview and Issues of Concern
http://training.fws.gov/Pubs7/arctic_oilandgas_impact.pdf
- Offshore Oil
<http://www.boemre.gov/offshore/>

Sept. 23

7. Electricity From Fossil Sources

- U.S. and World Fuel Mix
- Power Generation Technologies
- Transmission and Distribution
- Can Supply Meet Demand? Capacity Factor, Load Curves, Peak Demand
- Plant Efficiency and Life Cycle Efficiency
- Your electricity bill

Readings

- G. Aubrecht "Production and Distribution of Electricity" Chapter 6 in *Energy* Prentice Hall, 1995.

References

- "Electricity" in *EIA Monthly Energy Review*:
<http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity>
- "Centralized Electric Power Systems" Chapter 9 in *Energy for Sustainability Technology, Planning and Policy* John Randolph and Gilbert M. Master Island Press 2008.
- Life Cycle Assessment of Coal-fired Power Production* June 1999 • NREL/TP-570-25119
<http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy99osti/25119.pdf>

Sept. 25

8. Electricity from Nuclear Fuels and Other Generating Systems

- What about Nuclear Power?
- Nuclear Fuel Cycle
- Japan Nuclear Disaster and Impact on the Nuclear Industry
- Cogeneration/ Combined Heat and Power
- Distributed Power, Microgrids; the "Smart Grid"

Readings

“Advanced Nuclear Energy Technologies” in *World Energy Assessment: Energy and the Challenge of Sustainability* UNDP September 2000, p. 306-318 + notes

Nuclear Fuel Cycle – World Nuclear Association

<http://www.world-nuclear.org/education/nfc.htm>

Deutch, JM and Moniz, EJ “The Nuclear Option” *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 76- 83.

International Atomic Energy Agency: <http://iaea.org/> (browse)

US Nuclear Industry: http://www.eia.gov/energy_in_brief/article/nuclear_industry.cfm
(browse)

Fukushima Accident:

<http://www.iaea.org/newscenter/news/2012/fukushima1yearon.html>

(browse)

What is Combined Heat and Power?

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/distributedenergy/chp_basics.html

What is the Smart Grid?

http://www.smartgrid.gov/the_smart_grid#smart_grid

References

What is Distributed Power?

California Energy Commission: <http://www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/DistGen/>

Resources: EPRI Smart Grid Resource Center and <http://www.smartgrid.gov/>

Sept. 30

9. Electricity: Power Plant Economics and Regulation

Fixed and Variable Costs (Capital, Fuel, O&M)

Wholesale and Retail Prices; Energy Markets

Tradeable SO₂ Permits with Caps

Demand Side Management and Conservation

Readings

Chapter 19: Simple Economic Analysis of a New Power Plant, Ross, M.

References

NREL Energy Technology Cost and Performance Data for Distributed Generation:

http://www.nrel.gov/analysis/tech_cost_data.html

Levelized Cost of Electricity Calculator: http://www.nrel.gov/analysis/tech_lcoe.html

Life Cycle Environmental and Economic Assessment of Willow Biomass Electricity: A Comparison with Other Renewable and Non-Renewable Sources Center for Sustainable Systems, Report No. CSS04-05R, University of Michigan, 2005.

“*Generation Technologies for a Carbon-Constrained World*” *EPRI Journal*(2006) Summer Issue.

Hullman, NE, JG Koomey, DM Kammen “What History Can Teach Us about the Future Costs of U.S. Nuclear Power” *Env. Sci. Tech.* (2007) April 1: 2088-2093.

Cap and Trade (US EPA): <http://www.epa.gov/captrade/basic-info.html>

PART D.

ENERGY DEMAND

Oct. 2

10. Industrial Sector

Energy Consumption by Manufacturers: Fuel and Non-fuel

Energy and Carbon Intensity

Efficiency Gains, Theoretical Limits

Cost of Conserved Energy

Readings

A. Lovins “Energy Strategy: The Road Not Taken” *Foreign Affairs* (1976) 55(1): 65-66.

Understanding Manufacturing Energy and Carbon Footprints DOE 2012
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/pdfs/understanding_energy_footprints_2012.pdf

Worrell et al., "Energy efficiency and carbon dioxide emissions reduction opportunities in the US iron and steel sector" *Energy* (2001) 26: 513-536.

References

Chapter B4: Industrial Energy Consumption & Efficiency, Ross, M.
Advanced Manufacturing Office (DOE)
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/industries_technologies/index.html

<http://www1.eere.energy.gov/manufacturing/rd/footprints.html>
Consumption of Energy for All Purposes (First Use) by Value of Shipments and Employment Size Category and Region - Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey (MECS)

<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mecs/contents.html>
Theoretical Minimum Energies to Produce Steel, Executive Summary, U.S. Department of Energy Office of Industrial Technologies, March 2000.

Oct. 2

10. Commercial Sector

Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption
Heat and Cooling Loads
LEDs
E-Commerce and the Internet: Saving Energy?
LEED

Reading

Commercial Buildings Center for Sustainable Systems Factsheet
http://www.css.snre.umich.edu/css_doc/CSS05-05.pdf
LEED US Green Building Council: <http://www.usgbc.org/leed> (browse)

Reference

Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey
<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/cbecs/>
LEDs: <http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/ssl/>

Oct. 7

11. Residential Sector

Residential Buildings Energy Consumption
Heating and Cooling Loads and Degree Days
Building Envelope (e.g., walls, windows)
Modeling heat loss through windows
Building Codes and Appliance Standards

Readings

"Energy Conservation" Chapter 7 in *Energy and the Environment*, Kraushaar and Ristinen, 1999.
EERE Energy Savers: www.energysavers.gov/ (browse website)
Jochem, EK "An Efficient Solution" *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 64- 67.
US DOE Building Codes Program
<http://www.energycodes.gov/> (browse site)
US DOE Appliance Standards
http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/ (browse site)

References

Residential Energy Consumption Survey <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/recs/>

“Energy Efficiency for Buildings” Chapter 6 in *Energy for Sustainability Technology, Planning and Policy* John Randolph and Gilbert M. Master Island Press 2008.
 “Home Energy Saver”, Developed by the Environmental Energy Technologies Division at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory <http://hes.lbl.gov/>
 Chapter 8 Residential Energy, Ross, M.
 Energy Star <http://energystar.gov/>
 Residential Buildings Center for Sustainable Systems Factsheet
http://www.css.snre.umich.edu/css_doc/CSS01-08.pdf
 L. Lutzenhiser “Social and Behavioral Aspects of Energy Use” *Annu. Rev. Energy Environ.* (1993) 18: 247-89
 Real Goods Catalog (energy efficient products) <http://realgoods.com/>

Oct. 9

12. Transportation Sector

Freight vs Personal
 Historical Statistics
 VMT Growth
 Fuel Economy Trends
 Other Key Drivers Impacting Sustainability: Criteria emissions, Price, Safety, Sprawl
 Technology Options
 Policy Options

Readings

Heywood, JB “Fueling Our Transportation Future” *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 60- 63.
 Chapter 22: Transportation: Activity & Energy Use, Ross, M.
 “Conclusions: Key Findings and Paths Forward” Chapter in Sustainable Transportation Energy Pathways Edited by Joan Ogden and Lorraine Anderson, Institute for Transportation Studies, UC Davis, 2011. (browse)

References

Transportation Energy Data Book – Oak Ridge National Laboratory
<http://www.cta.ornl.gov/data/>
 DOE/EPA Fuel Economy Guide <http://www.fueleconomy.gov/>
 Annual Urban Mobility Study, Texas Transportation Institute
<http://mobility.tamu.edu/ums/>
 Greene, D.L., and J.M. DeCicco, "Energy and Transportation Beyond 2000," in *Transportation in the New Millennium*. Washington, DC: National Research Council, Transportation Research Board, January 2000.
 Personal Transportation Center for Sustainable Systems Factsheet
http://www.css.snre.umich.edu/css_doc/CSS01-07.pdf
 Smog Formation - Ground Level Ozone US EPA Site
<http://www.epa.gov/air/ozonepollution/index.html>
 National Resources Defense Council (Energy Issues)
<http://www.nrdcl.org/energy/gasprices/default.asp>

Oct. 13-14

Fall Break

Oct. 16

Midterm Exam (in class) Parts A, B, C, D.

PART E. RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES AND POLICY

Oct. 21 **13. Introduction to Renewable Energy**

Overview of technologies
Economics
 Learning Curves for Renewables
Land Use and Siting
Key policy mechanisms
 Renewable Portfolio Standards
 Production Tax Credits
 Renewable Energy Certificates

Reading

US Renewable Energy Center for Sustainable Systems Factsheet
http://www.css.snre.umich.edu/css_doc/CSS03-12.pdf
NREL Renewable Electricity Futures Study website (browse)
http://www.nrel.gov/analysis/re_futures/
National Renewable Energy Laboratory website (browse)
<http://www.nrel.gov/>
“Riding on the Experience Curve” Chapter 1 in *Experience Curves for Energy Technology Policy* OECD/IEA, 2000
Production Tax Credit and Extension
<http://energy.gov/savings/renewable-electricity-production-tax-credit-ptc>
http://www.ucusa.org/clean_energy/smart-energy-solutions/increase-renewables/production-tax-credit-for.html
Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs):
<http://www.epa.gov/greenpower/gpmarket/rec.htm>

Reference

Interactive mapping tools from NREL: <http://maps.nrel.gov/>
Green Power 101: <http://www.epa.gov/grnpower/>
World Renewable Energy Network (WREN) website (browse)
<http://www.wrenuk.co.uk/>
Levelized Costs of Renewable Electricity
http://www.nrel.gov/analysis/tech_lcoe.html
Emerging Markets for Renewable Energy Certificates NREL 2005
Renewable Portfolio Standards map
http://www.dsireusa.org/documents/summarymaps/RPS_map.pdf
RPS in the States: Balancing Goals and Implementation Strategies Technical Report
NREL/TP-670-41409 December 2007.
Delucchi, MA and MZ Jacobson “Providing all global energy with wind, water and solar power, Part I *Energy Policy* (2011) 39: 1154-69 and Part II 1170-119.
Kammen, DM “The Rise of Renewable Energy” *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 84-93.
Optimization Model for Distributed Power: HOMER
<http://homerenergy.com/>
Meta analyses of renewable energy technologies: NREL LCA harmonization project
http://www.nrel.gov/analysis/sustain_lcah.html
Deploying Renewables: Best and Future Policy Practice IEA 2011
A Framework for Project Development in the Renewable Energy Sector NREL 2013
(NREL/TP -7A40-57963)
<http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy13osti/57963.pdf>

Oct. 23	<p>14. Wind Energy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wind Turbine Technologies Wind Resources and Modeling Energy Performance and Environmental Impacts Economics and Economic Development Impacts
Readings	<p>Chapter 21: Renewables: Electricity from the Wind, Ross, M. Executive Summary and Overview, <i>20% Wind Energy by 2030 Increasing Wind Energy's Contribution to U.S. Electricity Supply</i> DOE/GO-102008-2567 • July 2008. Wind Energy Basics (EERE): (browse) http://www.eere.energy.gov/basics/renewable_energy/wind_turbines.html</p>
References	<p>Chapter 12 Wind Energy Systems, in <i>Energy Systems Engineering</i> Vanek and Albright (mirlyn online) "Wind Energy" in <i>Renewable energy: power for a sustainable future</i>. Oxford: Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 2004. NREL Wind maps http://www.nrel.gov/gis/wind.html Wind Powering America (EERE) http://www.windpoweringamerica.gov/ American Wind Energy Association: http://www.awea.org/</p>
Oct. 28	<p>15. Hydropower and Other Renewable Electricity Sources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hydropower Potential and Impacts Geothermal Potential and Technology Other: Tidal and Wave Energy
Readings	<p>Hydroelectric Power USBR 2005 Hydropower Overview, USBR and IEA DOE Geothermal Technologies Program (including technology overview) http://www.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/ EERE Marine and Hydrokinetic Technology: http://www1.eere.energy.gov/windandhydro/hydrokinetic/techTutorial.aspx</p>
References	<p><i>Renewables for Heating and Cooling Untapped Potential</i>, IEA 2007. World Commission on Dams http://www.internationalrivers.org/node/348 DOE Hydropower Technologies Program (including technology overview) http://www1.eere.energy.gov/water/index.html</p>
Oct. 30	<p>16. Photovoltaics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PV and BIPV Technologies Solar Resources and Modeling Energy Performance and Environmental Impacts Economics and Net Metering
Readings	<p>Keoleian, G.A., and G. McD. Lewis, "Application of Life Cycle Energy Analysis to Photovoltaic Module Design" <i>Progress in Photovoltaics</i> (1997) 5(4): 287-300. PV technology web site (EERE): browse http://www.eere.energy.gov/basics/renewable_energy/photovoltaics.html</p>

Chapter 20 Renewables: Photovoltaic Electricity, Ross, M.

References

Chapter 10 Solar Photovoltaic Technologies, in *Energy Systems Engineering* Vanek and Albright (mirlyn online)

Solar Radiation Resource Maps of US
<http://www.nrel.gov/gis/solar.html>

Solar Radiation Resource Data of US
http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/

Solar Energy Industry Association (US): <http://www.seia.org/>

Nov. 4 **17. Biomass: Electricity**

 Biomass Technologies Introduction

 Biomass Productivity and Modeling

 Biopower: MSW, willows/switch grass/ poplar, wood waste

Readings

U.S. Billion-Ton Update: Biomass Supply for a Bioenergy and Bioproducts Industry US DOE, August 2011 Executive Summary
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/biomass/billion_ton_update.html

Keoleian, G.A. and T.A. Volk. "Renewable Energy from Willow Biomass Crops: Life Cycle Energy, Environmental and Economic Performance." *Critical Reviews in Plant Sciences*, (2005) 24:385–406.

Wood-biomass-for-energy Forest Products Lab USFS 2004

References

Biomass Energy Data Book (ORNL): <http://cta.ornl.gov/bedb/index.shtml>

Life Cycle Assessment of a Biomass Gasification Combined-Cycle Power System NREL 1997

Biomass Energy — Focus on Wood Waste Federal Energy Management Program ORNL 2004-02581/abh, July 2004.

Nov. 6 **18. Biomass: Transport Fuels**

 Biofuels: Bioethanol, Biodiesel, Algal, Jatropha

 Biofuels and Water

 Land Use Impacts

 Food vs Fuel

 Renewable Fuels Standards

Readings

Biomass for Renewable Energy, Fuels, and Chemicals (Chapter 2) Klass, D.L. p. 29-50

Alternative Fuels Data Center (EERE): <http://www.afdc.energy.gov/> (browse)

Tilman, D, et al. Beneficial Biofuels--The Food, Energy, and Environment Trilemma. (2009) *Science* **325**, 270-271.

EPA Lifecycle Analysis of Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Renewable Fuels EPA-420-F-09-024 May 2009.

Life Cycle Inventory of Biodiesel and Petroleum Diesel for Use in an Urban Bus USDA/DOE May 1998 (browse)

Renewable Fuel Standards (RFS):
<http://www.epa.gov/otaq/fuels/renewablefuels/index.htm>
 (browse)

References

DOE Biomass Technologies Program (including technology overview)
<http://www.eere.energy.gov/biomass/>

- McCarl, B.A. "Bioenergy in a greenhouse mitigating world," American Agricultural Economics Association, *Choices* 23(1): 31-33, 2008.
- R. Dominguez-Faus, et al. "[The Water Footprint of Biofuels: A Drink or Drive Issue?](#)" *Environ. Sci. Technol.* 2009, 43, 3005–3010
- Righelato, R., and D.V. Spracklen. 2007. Carbon mitigation by biofuels or by saving and restoring forests? *Science* 317: 902, 17 August.
- Wang, D, W May, H Huo "Life-cycle energy and greenhouse gas emission impacts of different corn ethanol plant types" *Environ. Res. Lett.* 2 (2007) 024001 (13pp).
- Pimentel, D. and T.W. Patzek "Ethanol Production Using Corn, Switchgrass and Wood; Biodiesel Production Using Soybean and Sunflower" *Natural Resources Research* (2005) 14:1 65-75.
- Clarens AF, Resurreccion EP, White MA, and Colosi LM, "Environmental Life Cycle Comparison of Algae to Other Bioenergy Feedstocks," *Environmental Science & Technology*, vol. 44, pp. 1813-1819, 2010.
- Doornbosch, R., and R. Steenblik. 2007. Biofuels: Is the Cure Worse Than the Disease? Report from the Roundtable on Sustainable Development. Paris: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), September.
- Fairless, D. Jatropha The little shrub that could maybe? *Nature* Vol 449 | 11 October 2007: 652-655.
- Assessment of greenhouse gas emissions in the production and use of fuel ethanol in Brazil*, Government of the State of São Paulo April 2004.
- Sustainability of Brazilian bio-ethanol* Universiteit Utrecht Copernicus Institute Report NWS-E-2006-110.
- Fargione, J. J. Hill, D. Tilman, S. Polasky, P. Hawthorne "Land Clearing and the Biofuel Carbon Debt", / *Scienceexpress* (7 February 2008).
- Searchinger, Timothy et al. 2008. Use of U.S. Croplands for Biofuels Increases Greenhouse Gases through Emissions From Land-Use Change. *Science* 319: 1238-1240.
- UK Renewable Fuels Agency Review of the Indirect Effects of Biofuels
<http://www.dft.gov.uk/rfa/reportsandpublications/reviewoftheindirecteffectsof/biofuels.cfm>
- US DOE Biomass Program: <http://www1.eere.energy.gov/bioenergy/>

PART F. OTHER EMERGING SUSTAINABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES AND POLICY

Nov. 11 **19. Which Option? Electric Vehicles (EV), Hybrid Electric Vehicles (HEV), Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV) or Fuel Cell Vehicles (FCV)**

- EV, Regenerative Braking
- HEV, Matching Load with Efficient Powerplants
- PHEV, Extend Range of Electric Drive
- FCV, The Fuel Cell Powered Hybrid Vehicle
- Incentives and Tax Credits (Feebates, Gas Guzzler Tax, Rebates)

Reading

- Hybrid and Plug-In Electric Vehicles Basics:
http://www.afdc.energy.gov/vehicles/electric_basics_hev.html (browse)
- Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles Basics: http://www.afdc.energy.gov/vehicles/fuel_cell.html (browse)
- Demirdöven, N. and J. Deutsch "Hybrid Cars Now Fuel Cell Cars Later" *Science* (2004) 305: 974-976.

Turner, J.A. "Sustainable Hydrogen Production Turner" *Science* (2004) 305: 972-974.
PHEV on the Horizon, Building the Business Case *EPRI Journal* Spring 2008. (browse)
Weiller, C., Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle impacts on hourly electricity demand in the
United States. *Energy Policy* (2011) 39(6): 3766-3778. (browse)

References

MacPherson, N.D., G.A. Keoleian, and J.C. Kelly, "Fuel economy and greenhouse gas
emissions labeling for plug-in hybrid vehicles from a life cycle perspective"
Journal of Industrial Ecology (2012) 16(5): 761-773.

Well-to-Wheel Energy Use and Greenhouse Gas Emissions of Advanced Fuel/Vehicle
Systems - North American Analysis:

<http://www.transportation.anl.gov/pdfs/TA/163.pdf>

The Greenhouse Gases, Regulated Emissions, and Energy Use in Transportation (GREET)
Model:

http://www.transportation.anl.gov/modeling_simulation/GREET/

Kelly, J.C., J.S. MacDonald, and G.A. Keoleian, "Time-dependent plug-in hybrid electric
vehicle charging based on national driving patterns and demographics" *Applied Energy*
(2012) 94: 395-405.

Ogden, J "High Hopes for Hydrogen" *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 84-93.

Fuel Efficient Vehicle Tax Incentive Information Center:

<http://www.fueleconomy.gov/feg/taxcenter.shtml>

Nov 13

20. Building Energy Technologies and Policy

Smart buildings
Lighting and LEDs
Heating/cooling technologies
Energy Star Program
Effective Policies

Readings

De Kleine, R., G.A. Keoleian, J.C. Kelly "Optimal replacement of residential air
conditioning equipment to minimize energy, greenhouse gas emissions, and
consumer cost in the US" *Energy Policy* (2011) 39(6): 3144-3153.

EERE Building Energy Technologies Program

<http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/index.html> (browse site)

Smart Buildings

http://www.ibm.com/smarterplanet/us/en/green_buildings/overview/index.html

(browse site)

US DOE Appliance Standards (browse site)

http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/

US DOE Building Codes Program (browse site)

<http://www.energycodes.gov/>

References

Energy Efficiency Requirements in Building Codes IEA 2008. P7-32.

Consumer Energy Tax Credits

<http://www.energy.gov/taxbreaks.htm>

LEDs: <http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/ssl/>

Nov. 18

21. Electricity Storage Technologies

Batteries, Capacitors, Flywheels, Pumped Hydro

Readings

Energy Storage for the Electricity Grid: Benefits and Market Potential Assessment Guide, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM and Livermore, CA: 2010. SAND2010-0815 pages 1-13.

References

Energy Storage Glossary (GE): <http://geenergystorage.com/glossary>
Electricity Storage: Technologies and Regulation, National Regulatory Research Institute, June 11, 2011.
Electricity Energy Storage Technology Options EPRI 2010.

Nov. 18

21. Carbon Sequestration

Five Sequestration Strategies: Biological (Terrestrial) Sequestration, Carbon Capture, Geologic Sequestration, Ocean Sequestration, Advanced Concepts
Clean Coal?

Readings

DOE Sequestration Site
<http://www.fossil.energy.gov/programs/sequestration/index.html>
Socolow, R. "Can We Bury Global Warming" *Sci Amer* (2005) July 49-55.
Hawkins, DG, DA Lashof and RH Williams "What To Do About Coal" *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3): 68- 75.

References

Chapter 7 Carbon Sequestration, Vanek and Albright
"Carbon Dioxide Capture and Storage" *IPCC Special Report* (Summary for Policymakers and Technical Summary)
K.S. Lackner "Capture of carbon dioxide from ambient air" *Eur. Phys. J. Special Topics* (2009) 176: 93-106.

PART G.

COURSE SYNTHESIS

Nov 20

22. Climate Change I: Climate Change Science

Earth's Energy Balance
Greenhouse Effect
Greenhouse Gases
Feedback Mechanisms

Reading

"An introduction to global warming" John R. Barker and Marc H. Ross *Am. J. Phys.* 67(2): 1216-1226

References

Fourth and Fifth Assessment Reports of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
<http://www.ipcc.ch/>
Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States (EIA)
<http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/ggrpt/carbon.html>
http://www.eia.gov/energy_in_brief/greenhouse_gas.cfm
Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerability, Summary for Policymakers, A Report of Working Group II of the IPCC p. 1-23.

Nov. 25

23. Climate Change II: Climate Change Mitigation and Policy

Carbon Stabilization Targets
Stabilization Wedges

Climate Policy and Carbon Markets
Policies of Developed (EU Climate Policy) and Developing Countries
(Clean Development Mechanisms)
Regional, State, City

Readings

Climate Change 2007 - Contribution of Working Group III Report to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
"Mitigation of Climate Change" Summary for Policymakers.
Pacala, S. and R. Socolow "Stabilization Wedges: Solving the Climate Problem for the Next 50 Years with Current Technologies" *Science* (2004) 305: 968-972.

References

Stern Review on the Economics of Climate Change Executive Summary
US Climate Action Plan: <http://www.whitehouse.gov/share/climate-action-plan>
Pew Center on Global Climate Change
<http://www.pewclimate.org/>
The American Clean Energy and Security Act (Waxman-Markey Bill)
<http://www.pewclimate.org/acesa>
EIA Country Analysis Briefs
<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/cabs/contents.html>
United Nations Framework Convention and Kyoto Protocol
<http://unfccc.int/resource/convkp.html>
http://unfccc.int/kyoto_protocol/items/2830.php/
State and Local Climate Energy Program (US EPA):
<http://www.epa.gov/statelocalclimate/index.html>
The Stabilization Triangle: Tackling the Carbon and Climate Problem With Today's Technologies. Climate Mitigation Initiative, Princeton University.
Socolow, RJ and Pacca, SW "A Plan to Keep Carbon in Check" *Sci. Amer.* (2006) 295(3) 50 – 59.
ORNL Review, "Both Directions at Once: Can America simultaneously achieve energy independence and address global warming?" Oak Ridge National Laboratory Review 42(2), 2009.

- Nov. 27 **Happy Thanksgiving! (no class)**
- Dec. 2 **24. Term Project Presentations: Group I Posters**
- Dec. 4 **24. Term Project Presentations: Group II Posters**
- Dec. 4 **Individual Term Project Papers Due (Group I and II)**
- Dec. 9 **25. Course Review**

Final Exam: Friday December 12, 4:00-6:00 pm

COURSE REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION

Class participation*	10%
Assignments	20%
Term Project	20%
Mid-Term Exam	25%
Final Exam	25%

* Class participation: Attendance in class is required. For off campus students this means viewing lecture videos. Participation includes leading class discussion and contributing to the class blog; posing questions and answering questions; sharing articles and news; providing feedback on lectures and course materials; and active participation in the poster session.